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A PILGRIM CHURCH

Background

Journey of Faith

We are on a journey of faith to the Kingdom of God. This journey is a pilgrimage and is shared by all Christians throughout the world. In 1962, the Second Vatican Council discussed how the Church viewed herself in relation to the modern world. The Council's response to these concerns is addressed in the Pastoral Constitution on the Church in the Modern World (also known by its Latin title, Gaudium et Spes), which the Council promulgated three years later on December 7, 1965.

Daily Responsibilities of the Followers of Christ

Through this document the Church encourages the People of God to "be aware of and understand the aspirations, the yearnings, and the often dramatic features of the world in which we live" (4). To this point, the Church warmly advises that, whenever appropriate, Catholics should join with other Christians in distributing and collecting aid to benefit those in need (see 88).

The Council taught that the life of faith is not separate and cannot be separated from the daily responsibilities of the followers of Christ. "The Christian[s] who shirk [their] temporal duties shirk [their] duties towards [their] neighbor, neglect God himself, and endanger their eternal salvation" (43).

Living the Gospel in the World

Through this pastoral constitution, the Church Council gives us a vision and direction for living the Gospel in the world. This vision clearly focuses on the attainment of the spiritual mission of the Church and warns against the misdirection

of the past that identified the Church too closely with the political order. In this document the Church teaches:

There are, indeed, close links between earthly things and those elements of man's condition which transcend the world. The Church herself makes use of temporal things insofar as her own mission requires it. She, for her part, does not place her trust in the privileges offered by civil authority. . .. It is only right, however, that at all times and in all places, the Church should have true freedom to preach the faith, to teach her social doctrine. to exercise her role freely among men, and also to pass moral judgment in those matters which regard public order when the fundamental rights of a person or the salvation of souls require it.... While faithfully adhering to the Gospel and fulfilling her mission to the world, the Church, whose duty it is to foster and elevate all that is found to be true, good and beautiful in the human community. strengthens peace among men for the glory of God (76).

For Reflection

- ▶ How am I faithful to the mission of the Church within my community?
- ▶ What can I do to help the young people assume their daily responsibilities to live the call of discipleship?

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CATECHIST TO CATECHIST

Faith Leads Us to Holiness

God calls the entire Church to holiness. The gift of faith enables us to see and appreciate our lives with a sense of hope for the future. Faith infuses our lives with the will to act for the good. As members of the Church we are called to be servants to the world. The Church is society's conscience, speaking the truth about ourselves and our world to our hearts. When we respond in faith to the Church's message of life in Christ, we experience of sense of oneness and come to know and love God more deeply.

At This Moment

The absence of faith in a person's life can lead one to say that the state of the world allows for little reason to be hopeful about its future. But the Church reads and responds to the signs of the times to proclaim the truth and challenge the world to stand up for what is right. In this way the Church can strengthen the hope of all. Remind the young people that God is with them, at this moment, loving them, guiding them, and helping them bring the Gospel of Jesus Christ to the world.

THE CHURCH TEACHES...

In the Second Vatican Council, we learn that:

The Church has always had the duty of scrutinizing the signs of the time and of interpreting them in light of the Gospel. Thus, in language intelligible to each generation, she can respond to the perennial questions which men ask about this present life and the life to come, and about the relationship of the one to the other. (Gouldmet 2Spes 4).

In this chapter the young people will examine the importance of Pope John XXIII, the Second Vatican Council, and how the Catholic Church is an effective sign of Jesus' presence in the world today.

Further Reading and Reflection

For more about related teachings of the Church, see *Catechism of the Catholic Church* 670–671, 737–738, 798–800, 820–821, 827, 849–55, 1428, 1783–1785, 1928–1942, 2003, 2425–26, and 2832.

Catechist Prayer

God of hope, help me see your presence at this moment in time. Help me participate in bringing about your Kingdom. Amen.

LESSON PLANNER

CHAPTER 7 A Pilgrim Church

GOAL To learn how the Church is continually engaged with the world

LESSON PART		PROCESS NEW AND A PROCESS	MATERIALS and RESOURCES
Focus 10 minutes	EXPLORE To explore how the Holy Spirit raises up leaders to help the Church Pages 85–87	➤ Pray and reflect on Joel 3:1. ➤ Share the story of Pope John XXIII. Disciple Power: wisdom Activity: Journal about the personal faith impression the Pope has provided.	Bible pencils or pens Faith Journals
Focus 30 minutes	DISCOVER To discover the achievements of the Second Vatican Council Pages 88–92	Identify key documents of Vatican II. Identify key documents of Vatican II. Identify be been been so in which the Church engages with the modern world. Describe the role of the well-formed conscience. Faith Vocabulary: ecumenical council, laity, solidarity Activity: Interview grandparents or other Catholics who can recall experiences of the Mass before Vatican II.	Bibles, pencils or pens ENRICHING THE LESSON: "Researching the Second Vatican Council" and "Preparing a Scripture Talk," page 153
Focus 10 minutes	DECIDE To identify ways the Church works for human dignity Pages 93–94	Learn examples of ways the Church teaches and acts on behalf of human dignity. Activity: Create a logo or symbol to honor human dignity. My Faith Choice: Write how to shine with the light of Christ in the world.	Bibles, pencils or pens, markers, drawing paper, poster board ENRICHING THE LESSON: "Looking Through the Eyes of the Church," page 153

CONCLUDING THE LESSON



WE REMEMBER

Page 95

Review: Recall, reflect and share key concepts from the chapter

Assessment Tools Booklet: Chapter Test 7a-7b

WE PRAY Page 96

Pray: Prayers of the Faithful

Materials: pens or pencils, Bible, candle, cross for prayer space

PREVIEW

Preview next week's lesson theme.



HUMAN METHODOLOGIES

Learning through Human Experience. The National Directory for Catechesis teaches that human experiences are the "means through which human beings come to know themselves, one another, and God" (NDC 29A). To help the young people better understand the Catholic Church's work for unity among all Christians, invite the pastor or a member of your parish staff to visit with the young people and discuss how the Church acts in service to the world in your area. You might also work with a staff person of a neighboring non-Catholic Christian Church to plan a community service project the youth may do together to make a difference in your community.

Pray

- Invite the young people to quiet themselves for prayer. Begin with the Sign of the Cross.
- Select a volunteer to read aloud Joel 3:1.

Reflect

- Point out the photo on the page and encourage the vouth to express how the image might connect with the chapter title.
- Discuss the opening question on the page.

Focus instructed add broom

Share with the group that in this chapter they will explore their role as part of the Church in the modern world.

Timeline

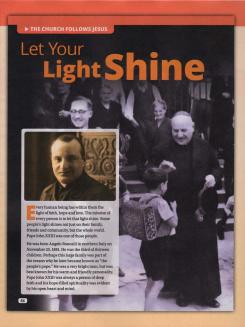
Point out the timeline and explain that this will be referred to throughout the chapter.

Introduce

- Ask: "What are some of the qualities that you think someone should have if they are going to be a spiritual example or leader?" (Such a person should be truthful. wise, knowledgeable, kind, do good for others, and so on.)
- Summarize this page and the next. Invite volunteers to help you organize the information according to main ideas, subtopics and details.
- You may choose to create a three-column chart on the board to help you record the information and provide young people with a visual for understanding the information they are learning.

Timeline

Point out on the timeline when John XXIII was pope.



TEACHING TIP

The Church Follows Jesus. Help the young people to make the important connection between what we believe and how we are to live our lives as disciples. After learning about Blessed Pope John XXIII, invite the students to share what they know about the current pope. Inquire why some people might regard a pope like a celebrity and whether or not the students think this is a good idea. Elicit from the young people the influence they consider the pope might have on an individual person's faith.

Becoming a priest was for Angelo a natural reflection of the faith shining within him. He was quickly elevated to secretary to the bishop. Father Angelo eventually became a spiritual director, with concern for the daily life of the average person.

Renewing the Spirit Father Angelo Roncalli was

ordained a bishop in 1925 and spent a great deal of his time in Bulgaria, Turkey and Greece. When World War II broke out, he was instrumental in helping save the lives of many Jewish families.

After the war, he was appointed Patriarch of Venice and was delighted to finally return home. Yet his time in Venice was brief. God had other plans for him.

Much to his shock, and to the surprise of the world, Bishop Roncalli was elected pope in 1958. He chose the papal name John XXIII. He described himself as a shepherd and a priest.

Pope John XXIII quickly became well-known for his walks through the streets of Rome, and visits to the hospitals, schools and prisons in Rome. He was a man with a wise wit and humbling humor. When asked why he wanted to go visit the prisoners, the pope said, "Because they cannot come to me." When asked how many people worked in the Vatican, he replied, "About half of them."

During this time, the world was changing and there were many Catholics who believed the Church needed to become more in touch with the modern world. Pope John XXIII called the Second Vatican Council. The purpose of this Council was mento-a renewal within the Church. The pope gathered together all the Catholic bishops to discuss the future of the Church. The Second Vatican Council was an opportunity to renew the spirit of the Church and within the

Pope John XXIII did not live to see the Council completed. He died in 1963, the year Time magazine chose him as "Man of the Year." He was a saintly man who belonged not only to the Church but to the world. At every stage of his life, Pope John XXIII exemplified the Holy Spirit's gift of wisdom. Because of his ordinary appeal, Blessed Pope John XXIII left a lasting legacy.





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FAITH JOURNAL List one way in which you feel connected to the Pope. How has he left a lasting impression on your faith?

Reinforce

Point out that even though Pope John XXIII died many years ago, he left a lasting impression on the Church.

Connect

- Read aloud the Disciple Power feature on the page. ▶ Have the young people
- complete the Faith Journal activity. Invite volunteers to share
 - insight about how someone might leave a lasting impression on another's faith.

DISCIPLE POWER

Wisdom. One of the Gifts of the Holy Spirit, wisdom is mentioned in Isaiah 11:2-3 in the context of describing the qualities of a virtuous king. The ability to be wise includes knowledge, experience, and insight into life's problems and challenges. Wisdom enables one to make good decisions and to act in ways that work with the power of the Holy Spirit. Invite the young people to give examples of wise and unwise decisions. Focus on one of these decisions to have the group explore this Disciple Power in more detail.

DISCOVER

KEY CONCEPT

The Second Vatican Council helped the Church respond to the challenges of the modern world.

Teach

- Focus the young people's attention by reading aloud the Faith Focus question.
- Have a volunteer read aloud the first paragraph of The Church Today.

Timeline of trods tristen

Point out on the timeline when Vatican II occurred.

- ▶ Invite students to brainstorm ways that young people can be involved in the life of the Church.
- Have a volunteer finish reading the page aloud.

Reinforce

- Explain that the Church as a whole must reflect on ways to grow in faith and that this is what Vatican II did.
- Discuss the question on the page.

► FAITH FOCUS What were some of the key teachings of

Vatican II?

► FAITH VOCABULARY
ecumenical council
laity
solidarity

The Church Today Imagine that you are part of a

parish youth ministry program.
On Sunday evening, there is Mass with contemporary mussic. A band leads the music with guitars, drums and a plano. You are a lector at Mass and your older sister is an extraordinary minister of the Bucharlst. On the following Tuesday, you and the rest of the youth group help set up meals and cost for a homeless project.

in the Catholic Church today.

Many parish activities are a result from the teachings of the Second Vatican Council. This secumentical council brought together all the bishops of the Church to discuss the contemporary issues facing the Church. They used Church teachings to address concerns

This scenario is not

of modern society. In this chapter, you will discover some of the Council's most important teachings that help us face today's challenges.

today's challenges.

What are some challenges you face in your faith?

Growing in Faith

The Council produced many documents, all a different levels of teachings. Some teachings of the Church, like a dogment constitution, are to be given a greater acceptance in faith than a document like an aporatoic letter from the pope. Vacican II published two very important documents that their level light documents that their level light documents that show they are documents that show they are documents that show that we will be a some documents, like all Vatican documents, like all Vatican and based on the first few words of the document.



CATHOLIC IDENTITY

Vatican II. Assist the young people in online research about the importance of this Church council. List on the board a few basic facts about Vatican II: (1) met between 1962 and 1965 in Rome, (2) 1,625 Church leaders, including bishops, archbishops and cardinals participated during the years of the Council, (3) reformed the liturgy to include, among other things, Mass to be said in the vernacular rather than only Latin, and (4) set forth the role of the Church in the modern wordh. Point out that television cameras were not allowed during the session so media coverage of the event was limited. Inquire as to what the students think it might have been like to attend the Council.



The first major Vatican II document was Dei Verbum, a dogmatic constitution about the Word of God. The second document was called Lumen Gentium. This dogmatic constitution described the Church as a mystery in which God is at work. This mystery includes both the laity and the clergy of the Church. We are a pilgrim Church on a journey of faith, guided by the Spirit, yet always in need of greater growth.

How are you in need of greater growth in your faith?

Light of Nations

God calls the entire Church to holiness. This includes ordained ministers (bishops, priests, and deacons), consecrated religious (such as monks and nuns), and all of the laity (who are either single or married). The laity are called to live a life of deep faith and to follow Christ in all things. The laity is to share with the world the Catholic faith in Christ, who is the Light of nations.

▶ What does lumen gentlum mean in English?

The pope and the bishops have a teaching authority within the Church called the Magisterium. They guide the laity in properly understanding the teachings of Jesus. Each of us is responsible for learning the teachings of the Church and to best understand and accept them as acts of faith, hope and charity. We, the laity within the Church, are to evangelize the world by the light of faith, echoing the Word of God In this way, we witness for Christ, sharing the Gospel and aiding the hierarchical leadership of the Church to make disciples of all

Joy and Hope

The final constitution of the Second Vatican Council was Gaudium et Spes. This pastoral document focuses on the relationship between the Church and the modern world. The Council made it clear that the Church must be continually engaged in the world. The open words of this document make clear that whatever humanity experiences, such as joy and hope or fear and anxiety, the Church too experiences these through the followers of Jesus (read Gaudium et Spes 1). The Church is to help shed light on the human condition, and participate in

addressing the needs of the world.

is made up of people who are capable of sin and The Holy Spirit will always guide the Church in seeking the truth in all things, especially in regards to faith and morals.



Faith CONNECTION

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Teach

- Remind the youth that as members of the Church, each of us is called to be holy.
- Have the young people form pairs and read and discuss the page aloud. Circulate the room, challenging partners to share with you what they are learning.
- Explain to the group that Vatican II published a number of documents to teach the world. One of the most important was Gaudium et Spes, Latin for the joys and hopes, the first words of the document.

Reinforce

Inquire how individual Catholics might engage with the world, according to the ideas expressed in Gaudium et Spes.

Connect

- Read and discuss the Catholics Believe feature on the page.
- Encourage the young people to complete the Faith Connection activity.

DOCTRINE CONNECTION

Church Documents. Sometimes Church leaders communicate with members of the Church through the use of documents which set forth Church teachings, and discuss any matters of faith, practice or worship. Not all documents issued by Church leaders are equal in importance. Bishops, for example, may issue pastoral letters, which only apply to the territory over which they have authority. The pope may send an encyclical to the bishops and their people in their dioceses about a matter of concern to the whole Church. Church councils may issue documents on different topics. Vatican II, for example, issued sixteen documents: two dogmatic constitutions, two pastoral constitutions, nine declarations and three decrees, in order of most important to least important.

DISCOVER

Teach

- Divide the large group into small groups and have the groups read the text on the page.
- Direct the groups to identify the main sentence of each paragraph.
- Circulate the room, having the groups share with you, the sentences they identified and explain their choices.

Reinforce

- Read the Did You Know feature on the page.
- Explain that some Church teachings are infallible, meaning without error in revealing God's plan of Salvation.

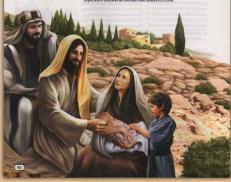
throughout the world. There have been twenty ecumenical councils in the Church's history. The First Vatican Council, held in the nineteenth century, is best known for declaring the infallibility of the pope.

One in the World

The Catholic Church does not exist apart from the world. In fact, the Church is to be Christ in the world. That is, God calls the Church to transform the world. For the Church, the needs of our world are at the heart of her mission. This outreach attitude of the Church reflects the words of Jesus in the Gospel of John:

For God so loved the world that he gave his only Son, so that everyone who believes in him might not perish but might have eternal life. For God did not send his Son into the world to condemn the world, but that the world might be saved through him.

The Church as our Mother and Teacher nurtures the faith of every child of God. She reaches out with her loving embrace to comfort those in need, helps the poor, and reconciles sinners with God and one mother. This deep connection to the human race and history is called solidarity. The Church serves the world so that every person may experience oneness as brothers and sisters in Christ.



CATHOLIC IDENTITY

Serving the World. Encourage the young people to consider how the Church serves the world. By identifying examples, the Church's involvement in the world will become clearer to them. Make certain they include not only acts of charity but also the fact that Church documents teach both Catholics and inform non-Catholics about the teachings and values that Jesus calls us to uphold.

Serving the World The Church exists not only for her own member but exists to he a servant to the world. This service involves reaching out to those in need, and includes a special wisdom that can serve as a guiding light for the world. As the Council fathers wrote

> The Church is not motivated by an earthly ambition but is interested in only one thingto carry on the work of Christ under the guidance of the Holy Spirit, for he came into the world to hear witness to the truth, to save and not to judge. to serve and not to be served" (Gaudium et Spes 3).

► How can you carry on the work of Christ in the world?

Speaking Truth

The Second Vatican Council taught that the mission of the Church is to read the signs of the times and to interpret them in light of the Gospel. The "signs of the times" refer to the specific issues, questions, confusions, hopes, and dreams of each generation. The Church must respond to the very specific issues of the time and in the world. The Church must be attentive to the current events and be able to speak the truth, with hope and charity in the face of any challenge.

In an ever-changing world, there does remain unchanging truth. For example, Jesus Christ is Lord and Savior. Christ alone answers the deepest needs of humanity. As the Council fathers wrote:

"The Church believes that Christ, who died and was raised for the sake of all. can show man the way and strengthen him through the Spirit in order to be worthy of his destiny; nor is there any name under heaven given among men by which they can

be saved" (Gaudium et Spes 10). ► How does the Church speak the truth to you?

In God's Image

At the heart of the Church's message for humanity is Christ. In and through Christ, the Church proclaims the inherent dignity of the human person. This means that each person deserves to be treated with love and respect, just as Jesus did and taught. The true value of the human person is based on the truth that each of us is created in the image and likeness of God. God created us as social beings. We are to be a communion of persons as God the Holy Trinity is.

Though due to sin, we can be blind to the dignity of the human person. We can find hope in the truth that Christ has won redemption for all of us. Through the grace of the Holy Spirit, we can come to know and love the goodness of God. And through the Light of God, we can find true wisdom (read Gaudium et Spes 13, 15).

KNOW

as the Great Schism, the Catholic Church experienced another split in 1054. The Churches of the East separated from the Churches of the West. One of the biggest divisions between these sister Churches concerns the authority of the pope. Yet today both continue efforts to reunify.



CONNECTION

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Teach

- ▶ Have volunteers take turns reading the text aloud.
- Direct the young people to underline the one goal the Church has, as described in the quote from Gaudium et Spes ("to carry on the work of Christ under the guidance of the Holy Spirit").
- Invite volunteers to restate this Church's goal in their own words.

Reinforce

Ask the discussion questions and allow the young people sufficient time to respond.

Connect adio diw gnols

- Have the students complete the Faith Connections activity on the page in their small groups.
- If time permits, have each group share their lists with the large group.
- Read the Did You Know feature on the page and discuss the significance of the photo.
- Explain that over time the Church has sadly divided into different groups. One of the biggest divisions was between Eastern Christianity (Eastern Europe and Russia) and Western Christianity (Western Europe).

TEACHING TIP

Classroom Council. To reinforce the idea that the Church's role is to address the signs of the times, hold a classroom Catholic council. Explain to the group that they are to imagine themselves as Church leaders who have come together to address a moral issue for today's youth. Which moral issue should they focus on? Which Catholic teachings address this issue? If time permits, have the young people work in either groups or pairs to address other issues by writing a letter to Catholic youth in the U.S. asserting Catholic teachings.

Respond

- Divide the large group into small groups or pairs so that each of the seven personal challenges can be addressed separately.
- Distribute art materials and have each group create a poster advocating one of the personal challenges.
- When finished have the groups share their work with the large group.

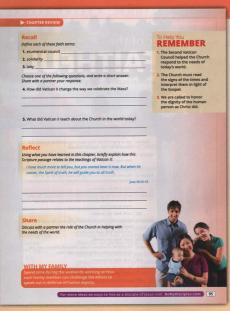
Choose

- ► Have the young people prayerfully reflect on what they have learned in this chapter about the Church's role in the modern world.
- ▶ Then invite them to complete the My Faith Choice section at the bottom of the page.



TEACHING TIP

Affirm the Young Peoples' Growth in Faith. Take the time to recall and celebrate the efforts of the young people. Ask them to share some of the important key faith concepts they learned and list these on the board. Challenge the youth to suggest good faith habits that they can form, such as regular prayer, worshipping weekly at Mass. reading the Bible, recognizing and meeting the needs of others, and treating everyone with basic human dignity. Invite the young people to summarize this chapter, encouraging them to focus on the Church's role of speaking the truth of Jesus Christ to today's world.



We Remember

- Help the youth recall the main points of the chapter by reading aloud part of each To Help You Remember statement.
- ► Have volunteers complete the rest of the statement.
- ▶ Use the Recall, Reflect, and Share sections to clarify any questions the young people may have concerning what they have learned in the chapter.
- ▶ Remind participants to share and discuss with their families the With My Family section at the end of the Chapter Review.

TEACHING TIP

Partnering with Parents. At this age, the young people are less likely than when younger to share many details about what they are learning. As a result it is all the more important to use creative, positive and meaningful ways to communicate with parents about their child's faith formation. Encourage the young people to follow through with the Share activity to speak out in defense of human dignity.

CONCLUDE

We Pray

- Remind the group that the Church is always trying to bring the Light of Christ into the world and needs the guidance of the Holy Spirit, as we do individually.
- ► Have volunteers write key phrases from each intercession on a blank piece of paper and roll them up like scrolls.
- Explain that when each intercession is prayed, the appropriate scroll should be placed on the prayer table.
- Select a Leader and six Readers. Invite the young people to quiet themselves for prayer.
- Begin with the Sign of the Cross and pray the prayer celebration together.

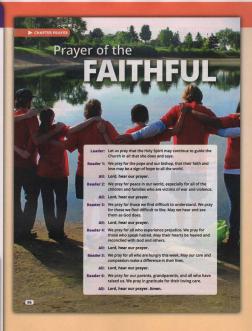
Visit BeMyDisciples.com

- Take time with the young people Web site, BeMyDisciples.com.
- Encourage them especially

Before Moving On

Reflect on this question before moving on to the next chapter.

How have I increased the young people's understanding of the different ways the Church is engaged with the modern world?



LITURGY CONNECTION

Intercessions and Petitions. It is normal for us to call upon our heavenly Father and place our needs before him. We do this in two ways. Intercessions are the prayers we pray on behalf of others. Such prayers might include bringing to the Lord's attention specific problems or simply to pray for the health and well-being of people in our lives. Petitions are the prayers we pray for our own needs and problems. Ask the young people what kind of prayers are part of the prayer celebration (intercessions).

ENRICHING THE LESSON

Purpose

To reinforce the importance of the Second Vatican Council in the history of the Church (taught on pages 88-92)

Directions

- Invite the youth to some further research on the Second Vatican Council to discover why the Council is one of the most significant religious events of recent decades.
- Suggest that the young people research information on the internet, in reference books, or by talking to people who remember the events of the Council.
- Have the youth interview older Catholics who were young adults or older during the 1960s. Have them ask these people to describe how the teachings of the Council affected life in their parish.
- Arrange for the young people to share what they find out with the

Materials

paper, pens or pencils

PREPARING A SCRIPTURE TALK

Purpose

To reinforce the importance of reading the Scriptures (taught on page 93)

Directions

- Share that two ways we learn about the Scriptures are by hearing the Word of God proclaimed at Mass and by listening to the Sunday homily. We can also read Scripture with our friends and family and discuss what we read.
- Invite the pastor or parish deacon to visit the group and explain the process he uses in preparing a homily.
- Help the young people to select a Gospel passage to read and prepare a talk about the passage.
- Have the youth write their own brief reflections on the Scripture passages they have chosen and share these with the rest of the group.

Materials

paper, pens or pencils

LOOKING THROUGH THE EYES OF THE CHURCH

Purpose

To reinforce that the Catholic Church helps us understand contemporary issues in light of the Gospel (taught on page 91)

Directions

- Distribute art paper and markers to the students.
- Have each person draw a large magnifying glass on his or her paper. Tell the young people to think of this magnifying glass as the Church.
- Have them illustrate in the magnifying glass various issues in the world today that they are better able to see or understand because they view it through the eyes of the Church.
- Invite volunteers to share their illustrations with the group.

Materials

art paper, markers, scissors